

## Nevada's Marijuana Market Economic & Fiscal Benefits Analysis

Prepared for the:

DISPENSARY ASSOCIATION

Prepared by:



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### Back in the day

- ✓ Recreational Marijuana Legalization
  - Passed Nov 2016: 54% vs. 46%
  - Sales Started July 2017

- ✓ Medicinal Marijuana Legalization
  - Passed Nov 2000: 65% vs. 35%
  - Sales Started July 2015



### Why, what, when?

✓ Quantify economic & fiscal benefits associated with marijuana industry from FY2018 – 2024 after 1 year of operation

✓ Compare results to RCG's 2016 *Initiative* to Tax and Regulate Marijuana (Q2) study





## Dollar + Other Bennies

### It's not just about the coin

- √ Freedom to Choose
- ✓ Safer Product
- √ Fewer People Jailed for Non-Violent Crime
- ✓ Less Money for Organized Crime
- ✓ Police Can Spend More Time Pursuing Real Criminals



### But the coinage doesn't hurt

- ✓ Promotes Economic Activity
- ✓ Creates Jobs
- ✓ Provides Government with Tax Revenue

## The What & the Where (As of 12/2017)



### **NV Licenses: The what**

Type	Count
Cultivation	120
Testing <b>L</b>	10
Manufacturing / Production	83
Distribution	34
Retail 2	62
Total	309

### **NV Licenses: The where**



309

### Survey ins & outs

- √To help evaluate marijuana market & effects on firms
- ✓ RCG partnered with NDA
- ✓ Done online from April to May 2018
- √ 40 businesses responded representing 60 (19%) licenses

### Who talked: license types

Type	Count
Cultivation 🗼	20
Testing 👃	0
Manufacturing / Production	15
Distribution	7
Retail 2	18
Total	<b>60</b>



### Who talked & from where?



60

### Questions, questions, questions

- ✓ License Types & Location
- ✓ Number of Workers
- √ Hiring Practices (Direct or Third-Party)
- √ Types of Costs
- √ Types of Revenues
- ✓ Taxes Paid





# What we found out



### Survey says what, Cont.?

- ✓ Avg. Workers: 20 Per Location (Jan-17, N=38)
- ✓ Avg. Workers: 35 Per Location (Dec-17, N=38)
- √32% firms hire at least some workers via 3<sup>rd</sup>party services (N=38)
- ✓ Planning to hire more workers in next year:

Yes: **76% Yes No: 24%** (N=38)

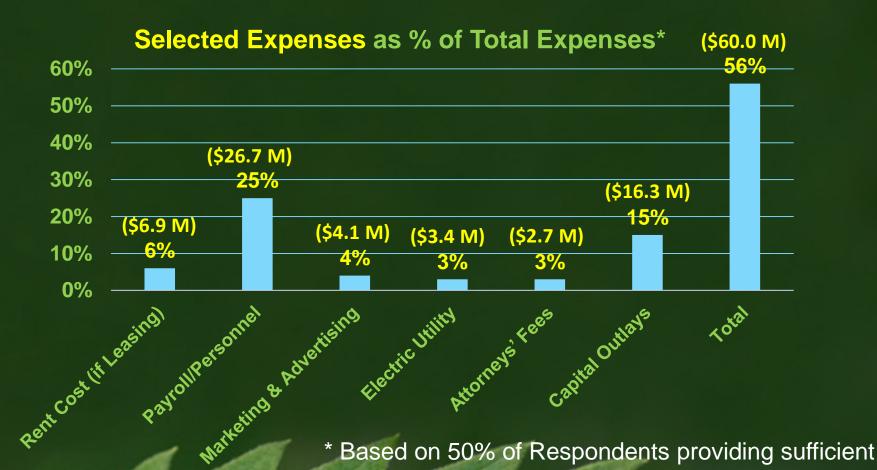
### Survey says what? cont.

- ✓ Total Yr. Firm Expenses: \$107.0 Mil (12/2017, N=37)
- ✓ Total Yr. Firm Revenues: \$132.5 Mil (12/2017, N=39)
- ✓ Revenue from Recreational Sales: 63% (N=30)
- ✓ Revenue from Medicinal Sales: 37% (N=30)



### Survey says what, cont.?

Total 2017 Respondent Expenses: \$107 Million (N=37).





Sources: NDA & RCG Economics

### Survey says what?, cont.

Total Taxes Paid by Respondents: Yearly & Part of Year

Tax	Paid
Retail Excise (2017 last 6 mos.)	\$9,315,000
Wholesale Excise (2017 last 6 mos.)	\$2,607,000
MBT (2017 last 6 mos.)	\$449,000
Commerce (FY2017/pre-legalization)	\$64,000
Sales & Use (2017)	\$13,654,000
Total	\$26,089,000



# MJ Industry Economic Bennies 2016 vs. 2018



### State-wide bennies

- ✓ IMPLAN Input-Output Model
- √ 3 Types of Economic Impact ("Total" combined)
  - Direct: Industry Spending
  - Indirect: Business-to-Business Spending
  - Induced: Subsequent Employee Spending

Note: Based on 2018 Department of Taxation Sales



### Numbers nerd time

✓ Method used "margining": Looks at industry's supply chain structure, e.g., from cultivation to production to distribution to retail



Recommended by IMPLAN



### Numbers nerd time, Cont.

#### ✓ Data Sources

- Taxable Retail Sales of Marijuana (Taxation)
- Excise Revenues (Taxation)
- NDA Survey

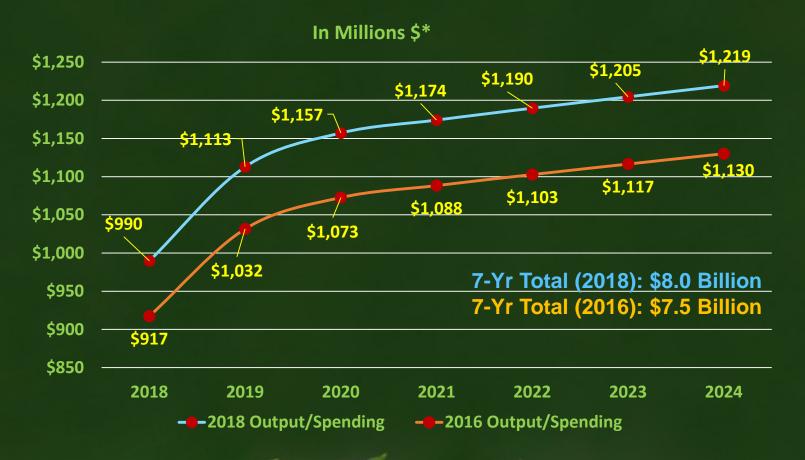
### **✓** Assumptions

- No Substitution Effects
- Supply/Demand Pooling (Industry demands accommodated in-state)
- Economic Leakage (Leakage still exists)
- Annual Growth Rate based on 2016 Report (70% to 90% to 95%)
- No shift in preference (Marijuana popularity won't change)



### Nevada economy to benefit a lot

2016 vs. 2018 Total MJ NV Economic Output (\$): 2018-2024

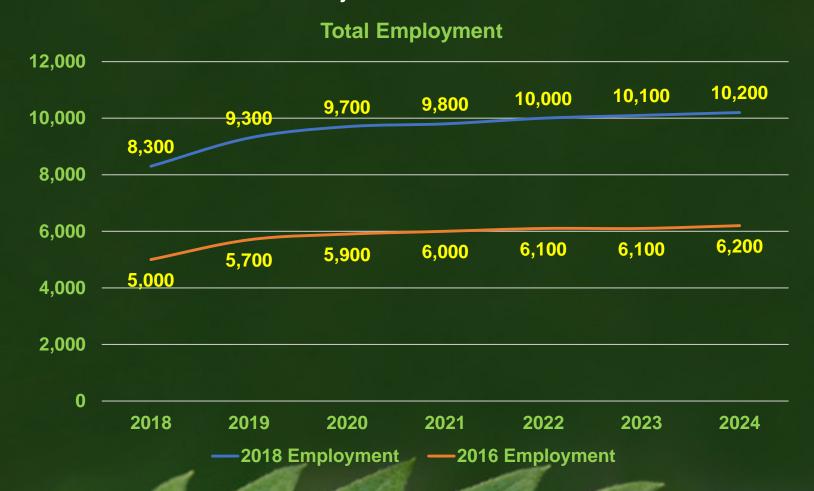


\*Includes Excise Tax Revenues



### Jobs up, up &...steady as she goes

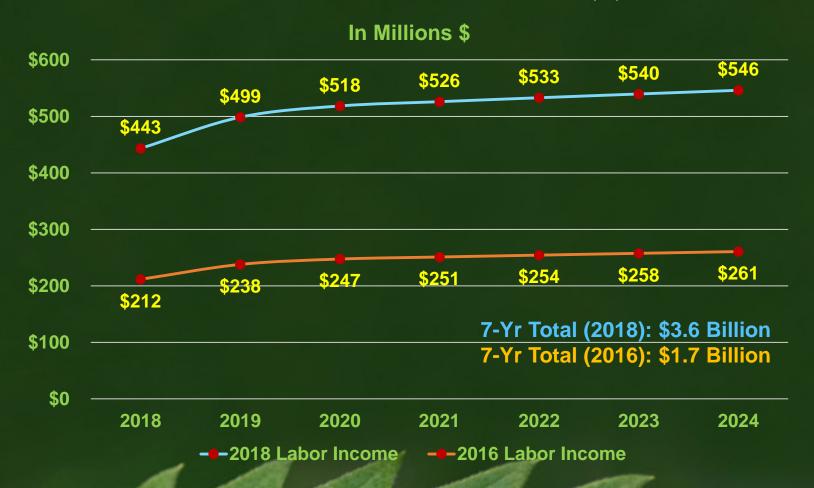
2016 vs. 2018 Total Projected MJ NV Jobs: 2018 - 2024





### MJ industry workers also benefit

2016 vs 2018 Total MJ NV Worker Income (\$): 2018 - 2024







### Some taxes more equal than others

- ✓ Sales & Use (Varies by County)
  - 7.6% 8.265%
- √ Wholesale Excise (15% on Cultivators)
- ✓ Retail Excise\* (10% on Dispensaries)
- ✓ Commerce (Varies by License Type: 0% up to \$4M)
- ✓ MBT (1.475% on Payroll over \$50,000 per quarter)
- ✓ License Fees (Varies by Jurisdiction)
  - ~3% of cultivator & dispensary revenue



<sup>\*</sup> Retail Excise Tax was not part of original ballot initiative

### The winners

- ✓ Sales & Use State, Counties & Jurisdictions
- ✓ Wholesale Excise Schools
- ✓ Retail Excise State Rainy Day Fund
- ✓ Commerce State General Fund
- ✓ MBT State General Fund
- ✓ License Fees Local Jurisdictions

### 2016 vs. 2018 FBA

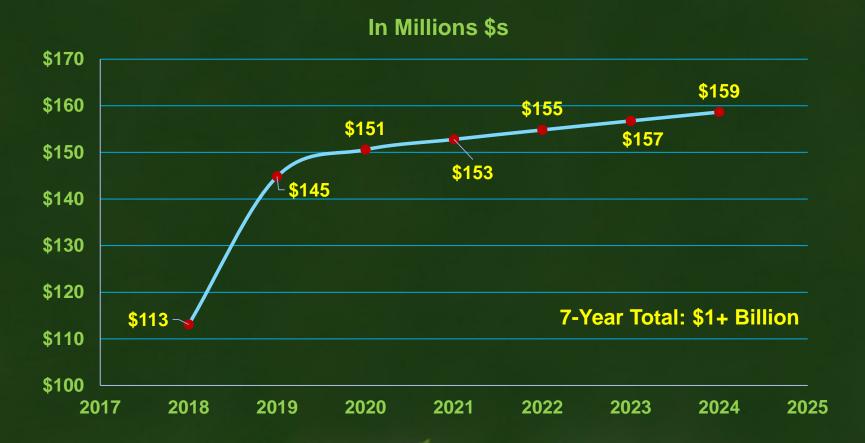
- ✓ Most projected tax revenues can't be directly compared to 2016 study
  - Sales & Use, MBT & License Fees rates changed
  - Retail Excise Tax not part of ballot initiative

- ✓ Commerce Tax & Wholesale Excise didn't change
  - Commerce Tax: \$0.5 M (2016) vs \$2.5 M (2018)
  - Wholesale Excise Tax: \$147 M (2016) vs \$212 M
     (2018)



### Government always wets its beak

Total Annual MJ NV Taxes & Fees: 2018 – 2024





### Government always wets its beak, cont.

Total MJ NV Taxes & Fees, by Type: 2018 – 2024





### The competitive price chain

- 1. As taxes go up, so do production costs, & supply declines
- 2. Less supply results in new, higher break-even price leading to less demand
- 3. As price rises in legal rec. market, the black market price doesn't change, becoming more attractive
- 4. Some consumers will opt for black market MJ
- 5. Conclusion: higher taxes will lead to higher legal market prices, causing higher black market sales & slowing legal market takeover







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